

# 2024 North Star Rally

## Bonus List

Riders will leave Saturday at 8:00am CDT and must return before 7:59.59 CDT Sunday

If for any reason you will be late or will not return to the finish you **MUST** call the Rally Master at 952-836-9437

**1. WVH Waverly Village Hall - Waverly, MN                      Points: 129**

**45° 04.009' -93° 58.018'**

A very nice art deco style bit of architecture. The building was constructed in 1940 under the New Deal program known as the Works Progress Administration (WPA), and was used for town dances, church socials, wedding receptions and speeches by political figures such as Hubert Humphrey. One block north of US Hwy 12 on 4th Street. Get a photo of the Village Hall.

**2. MLM - Milaca Museum - Milaca, MN    Points: 167**

**45° 45.254' -93° 39.065'**

WPA crews built the Milaca town hall in 1938. It is now the location of the Milaca Area Historical Society and the Milaca Museum. 145 Central Ave S, Milaca. Get a photo of the brass plaque on the right side of the entrance "Milaca City Hall Built by W.P.A. - 1936"

**3. OMH - Onamia City Hall - Onamia, MN    Points: 191**

**46° 04.236' -93° 40.133'**

The Onamia Municipal Hall in Onamia, MN, was built in 1936 by the Works Progress Administration. The building housed a community room, a council chamber, the jail, and the fire hall. 621 Main St, Onamia. Get a photo of the front entrance including the town name "Onamia". FYI this building houses the Onamia police, behave!

**4. DWA - Deerwood Auditorium - Deerwood, MN**

**Points: 269**

**46° 28.487' -93° 53.983'**

The Deerwood Auditorium is a community center in Deerwood, Minnesota built as a Works Progress Administration project. The auditorium, built in 1935, is listed on the National Register of Historic Places, a rare surviving example of federal relief architecture in Minnesota. The auditorium is 1 block east of Hwy 210 on Forest Road. Get a photo of the entrance be sure to include the word "Auditorium"

**5. BVH - Bovey City Hall - Bovey, MN**

**Points: 303**

**47° 17.728' -93° 24.947'**

This small village hall has a distinct Scandinavian flavor and might almost be standing in some Swedish village rather than in Bovey, Minnesota. This PWA project was completed in June 1935 at a construction cost of \$65,775. Located on 2nd Street between 4th and 5th Avenues. Get a photo of the entrance of the City Hall be sure to include the words "Bovey City Hall".

**6. BCH - Bigfork City Hall - Bigfork, MN**

**Points: 343**

**47° 44.635' -93° 39.276'**

The Bigfork City Hall is one of the only original historic buildings still standing in this northwoods town of approximately 450 people. The building, constructed in 1936 as a Depression-era federal relief project. Located on MN Hwy 38 and Ash Street. Look for the all stone building with a statue of a slightly creepy Paul Bunyan on the west side of the street. Who is the bench in front of the city hall dedicated to?

**7. HMB - Hibbing Memorial Building - Hibbing, MN**

**Points: 405**

**47° 25.434' -92° 56.226'**

**7:00am - 8:00pm**

The Hibbing Memorial Building was completed in December 1935 at a construction cost of \$528,293 and a project cost of \$549,438 by the Public Works Administration. From US-169 go east on 23rd Street to 400 East 23rd Street. Enter through the front door and to the left of the water fountain are a couple of brass plaques. One of those is "Hibbing Memorial Building Federal Emergency Administration of Public Works". What is the Project number?

**8. VHM - Village Hall McKinley - McKinley, MN**

**Points: 317**

**47° 30.721' -92° 24.670'**

The historic McKinley Village Hall was constructed by the Works Progress Administration (WPA). It now houses the Iron Range Historical Society. From MN-135 go north on County Road 20 1 mile to the McKinley Village Hall. Get a photo of the “Iron Range Historical Society” sign.

**9. TCH - Tower City Hall - Tower, MN**

**Points: 331**

**47° 48.299' -92° 16.587'**

Tower, Minnesota received a new City Hall in 1940. The building was constructed with federal Work Projects Administration (WPA) labor. MN-1 and Birch Street, around the corner from D’erick’s Tower Liquors. Get a photo of the “Works Project” plaque on the right side of the entrance to City Hall.

**10. SKP - South Kawishiwi Pavilion - Ely, MN**

**Points: 425**

**47° 48.796' -91° 44.038'**

**Daylight**

This historic log pavilion was built by the Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC) in 1933. Located about 10 miles south of Ely MN on MN-1 or just south of the Kawishiwi River on MN-1 in the South Kawishiwi Recreation Area. Follow the road into the recreation area about 0.2 of a mile, when you see the Do Not Enter sign keep left to the Pavilion Parking area. Between the lodge and the outhouse is an info plaque “Civilian Conservation Corps Build for the Future”. According to this plaque what is the unofficial motto of the CCC men?

**11. CAO - Cascade River Overlook - Lutsen, MN**

**Points: 1561**

**47° 42.419' -90° 31.399'**

In 1934 the Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC) implemented a camp at the Spruce Creek State Park. From there they started to build the Cascade River Overlook, which is the largest structure built by the Spruce Creek CCC camp. The CCC camp worked on the overlook for one year between 1934-1935, The Cascade River Overlook is Minnesota’s first example of a scenic overlook that incorporated natural rock within highway backslopes. The overlook is located about 8 miles east of Lutsen, just past the Cascade Restaurant. According to the info plaque in the overlook. How many men of the Civilian Conservation Corps used picks and shovels to construct the Cascade River Overlook?

**12. FHM - Fond Du Lac Historical Marker - Fond Du Lac, MN** **Points: 317**

**46° 39.621' -92° 16.369'**

Here in Fond Du Lac along the banks of the St. Louis River the CCC worker set up camp to work on the east side of Jay Cooke State Park. Fond Du Lac is located on MN-23 near MN-210. The marker is on the north side of MN-23 between 131st and 130th When did Fond Du Lac become a part of the city of Duluth?

**13. CCH - Carlton City Hall - Carlton, MN** **Points: 289**

**46° 39.839' -92° 25.439'**

Carlton's stately city hall was constructed by the Works Progress Administration (W.P.A.) in 1937. From I-35 exit 235 go east on MN-210 for about 2.5 miles. Just past the intersection with MN-45 on the south side of the road is the Carlton City Hall. Get a photo of the "Work Progress Administration" plaque on the right side of the front entrance.

**14. PVH - Pine City Village Hall - Pine City, MN** **Points: 158**

**45° 49.570' -92° 58.226'**

This yellow brick two-story building was constructed as a Public Works Administration (P.W.A.) project in 1939. The P.W.A. provided a \$49,500 grant for the project, whose total cost was \$106,625. Originally built to be the Pine City village hall, it was used as a courthouse instead. 315 Main St S, Pine City. Just to the left of the front entrance are two benches. According to the plaque on the benches what are they made from?

**15. CAG - Carlos Avery Game Farm - Forest Lake, MN** **Points: 105**

**45° 17.223' -93° 07.752'**

In 1936 the WPA developed the area of Carlos Avery Game Farm, now the Carlos Avery Wildlife Management Area, and constructed several buildings on the site. 5463 W Broadway Ave, Columbus MN. The entrance to the Carlos Avery Game Farm is defined by an elaborate gateway flanked by stone pylons. Each gate is attached to a tall limestone portal, connecting with a curved wall, which terminates with a stone pier. A WPA plaque was once anchored to each outer pier. An ornamental iron sign, supported by the stonework, extends across the drive and contains the following original wording: "Carlos Avery Game Farm, Department of Conservation, Division of Game and Fish. Get a photo of the gateway arch.

**16. TAW - Tawney - Mabel, MN**

**Points: 395**

**43° 36.966' -91° 47.447'**

At this small wayside is a marker erected in memory of the settlers and storekeepers of the frontier. From Mable go north on MN43, from Rushford go south on MN43, from Preston follow Co Road 12 to MN43 the south to the wayside. From the east your gps will likely route you along many gravel roads. According to the marker at the wayside there was a US Post Office here from when to when?

**17. ASM - Alix School of Medicine - Rochester, MN**

**Points: 312**

**44° 01.293' -92° 28.019'**

The Mitchell Student Center at the Mayo Medical School in Rochester, Minnesota was built between 1936 and 1937 by the Public Works Administration (PWA). Designed by Harold Crawford, Rochester's preeminent architect at the time, the building originally housed the Rochester Public Library and could hold 75,000 books. The Jacobean-style structure was built of limestone quarried in the town of Kasota, in South Central Minnesota. The PWA grant funded 45% of the total building costs, and the remainder was covered by the Library Board.

After the library moved in the early 1970s, the Mayo Clinic purchased the 1937 building. It was listed on the National Register of Historic Places in 1980. The Student Center now offers a library, computer lab, and study space for medical school students. 226 2nd St SW. Up high on the right side of the main entrance is a short poem from Emily Dickinson. Use multiple lines to enter that poem on your Score Sheet.

**18. POA - Post Office Albert Lea - Albert Lea, MN**

**Points: 272**

**43° 38.948' -93° 22.035'**

The Albert Lea post office was constructed at a cost of \$185,000 and opened 1937. Get a photo of the front entrance, be sure to include the zip code above the door.

**19. NPO - Northfield Post Office - Northfield, MN**

**Points: 199**

**44° 27.359' -93° 09.664'**

The historic post office in Northfield, Minnesota was constructed in 1936 with Treasury Department funds. About 15 feet to the left of the front door is a cornerstone. 14 Bridge Square, Northfield. Who is the Postmaster General on the cornerstone?

**20. CSA - Camp Savage - Savage, MN****Points: 72****44° 46.693' -93° 21.116'**

The CCC operated a camp in Savage in the 1930s. In the early 1940s it was used as a Military Intelligence Service Language School for training Japanese-American soldiers. A historical marker is located on the southeast corner of Xenwood Ave. and the South Frontage Road. By the historical marker is a bench. Who is “thanking those who served”? Construction in the area has changed some access. There is no longer access to Xenwood from MN-13. From the west exit Dakota Ave, turn right then left onto the frontage road, continue to the bonus. From the east turn left onto Quentin Ave, turn right onto 123rd Street, follow to bonus.

**21. WWM - Willmar War Memorial Auditorium - Willmar, MN Points: 203****45° 07.236' -95° 03.042'**

The City Auditorium, built by the Works Progress Administration between 1936 and 1937 in downtown Willmar, 313 6th St SW. Pay attention to the relief sculpture panels adorn the space above the Willmar City Auditorium’s front entrance, which were created by the Federal Art Project. Get a photo of the QR code just to the left of the entrance.

**22. QPL - Lac Qui Parle Lake - Watson, MN****Points: 305****45° 02.144' -95° 52.755'**

Lac qui Parle is a reservoir located in western Minnesota, which was formed by the damming of the Minnesota River. The dam was built by the Works Progress Administration (WPA). Lac qui Parle is a French translation of the native Dakota name, meaning "lake which speaks". From Montevideo go northwest on US59 about 6 miles to Co. Rd 13, go west 2.5 miles to Co Rd 32, follow that north 1 mile to the overlook. The waypoint is at an overlook of the reservoir there you will find a bench. According to the memorial plaque on the bench What did Clarence & Evelyn Ostile love?

**23. TML - Thorson Memorial Library - Elbow Lake, MN****Points: 271****45° 59.639' -95° 58.595'**

The Thomson Memorial Library at Elbow Lake houses the public library, 117 Central Ave N, and also serves as a community building. The structure is semifireproof with exterior walls of brick trimmed with stone. The project was completed in May 1934 at a construction cost of \$33,670 and a project cost of \$37,329. There is a plaque on the left side of the library entrance “The Anna J. Scofield & Harold E. Thorson Memorial Building”. Get a photo of this plaque.

**24. BCA - Brandon City Hall and Auditorium - Brandon, MN**

**Points: 256**

**45° 57.853' -95° 35.843'**

The Brandon City Hall and Auditorium, 115 Front St E, was designed by F. Boes Pfeifer, built by the Works Progress Administration (W.P.A.), and completed in 1936. To the right of the Auditorium entrance is a plaque “Erected by the ...” Get a photo of this plaque.

**25. MTH - Moland Township Hall - Moorhead, MN**

**Points: 554**

**46° 55.178' -96° 39.161'**

This stone building was a WPA project completed in 1937 as a schoolhouse. 3 miles north on Co Rd 11 from US-10, on the SW corner of Co Rd 11 and 43rd Ave. It was originally known as the “Gunderson School” and rezoned as District #6. It is now used as the Moland Township Hall. The architects were two recent NDSU grads, Allen Carter and George Meineke. What is the School District number above the front door?

**26. CCN - Norris CCC Camp - Roosevelt, MN**

**Points: 2507**

**48° 36.609' -95° 10.870'**

In 1935, the Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC) constructed the Clear River Camp (also known as the Norris Camp), which served as the headquarters for the Beltrami Island Project. The Project was part of a pioneering experiment in relocation and land-use planning undertaken nationally, through the Land Utilization Project (est. 1937). Under the Project, farmers on cutover lands were relocated and the land was reclaimed by the CCC, whose enrollees went to work developing and managing forestry, wildlife and recreational resources. The Clear River Camp is listed in the National Register of Historic Places. There are 16.4 miles of good gravel road coming from MN-11 on 680 Ave, west of Roosevelt, MN. Once in the camp there is an info plaque “Norris Camp: A photo history” Get a photo of this plaque.

**27. BSS - Bronco Sports Stadium - International Falls, MN**

**Points: 651**

**48° 36.020' -93° 25.114'**

The front of the High School Sports Stadium in International Falls, MN near 6th St and US-71, features a bold, concrete relief sculpture of 1940’s-era athletes created by a Minnesota-born sculptor named Evelyn Raymond. Raymond created the sculpture through the Works Progress Administration’s Federal Art Project. To the right of the entrance is an informational plaque about football legend Bronislau “Bronco” Nagurski. According to the plaque in 1929, he was the only player ever named All-American at two positions. What were those positions?

**28. CAK - City Auditorium - Kelliher, MN**

**Points: 416**

**47° 56.558' -94° 26.907'**

The Arts-and-Crafts-style City Auditorium in Kelliher, MN 182 Clark Ave N or 2 blocks north of Co Rd 36 and MN-72, was built by the Works Progress Administration (WPA). According to the plaque to right of the entrance, what year was the auditorium built by the Works Progress Administration?

**29. CRD - Camp Ribideau - Blackduck, MN**

**Points: 497**

**47° 38.426' -94° 32.965'**

**Daylight Only**

The camp is located six miles south of Blackduck, Minnesota on County Road 39. Rabideau was built and maintained by Company 3749 out of Bennett Springs, Missouri. They remained here until January 1936 at which time Company 708 of Bena took over the camp. They arrived at Rabideau in open trucks in temperatures as low as 45 below zero and remained there until the program ended in 1942. From Co Rd 39 there are 0.3 of a mile of good gravel road. Once you enter the camp keep left towards the parking area. From there you will see an info kiosk towards the picnic shelter. On the left hand panel of the kiosk under "Camp Rabideau" Camp Rabideau is one of how many surviving camps in the country?

**30. FPS - Fireplace of States - Bemidji, MN**

**Points: 577**

**47° 28.174' -94° 52.747'**

**9:00am to 7:00pm**

Located in Paul Bunyan Park MN-197 and 2nd St NW is the Tourist Information Center just to the north of the Paul Bunyan and Babe the Blue Ox statues. Inside is the Fireplace of States made from stones from every state and from many places of historical or unusual interest in other part of the world. Stones used include one from Fort McHenry, the birthplace of the Star-Spangled Banner; one of the original flagstones from Mount Vernon, brought to this country from England by George Washington in 1785. Get a photo of the Fireplace of States.

**31. CFH - Chippewa National Forest Headquarters - Cass Lake, MN Points: 329**

**47° 22.761' -94° 36.817'**

In 1935 and 1936, workers for the Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC) and the Works Progress Administration (WPA) constructed the Chippewa National Forest Headquarters, 2 blocks west of MN-371 on 2nd St NW. The building, overseen by Ike Boekenooen, "an expert in log building techniques," is "made entirely... from Minnesota forest products. The exterior is notch-and-groove (chinkless) log construction. And many interior details, including the fifty-foot glacial stone fireplace designed by Nels Bergley, the wooden stairway, and the ironwork on the door hinges and fireplace, were made by hand. According to the informational plaque just to the right of the entrance, what is the "true" style of construction?



**32. VHR - Village Hall - Rice, MN**

**Points: 169**

**45° 45.150' -94° 13.143'**

The hall was built in 1938 at Main St and Division St. and commissioned by the Works Progress Administration as a way for residents to learn new work skills after the depression. Get a photo of the “Works Progress Administration” plaque to the right of the entrance.

**33. FAW - First Avenue Wall - St. Cloud, MN**

**Points: 183**

**45° 33.082' -94° 08.929'**

The First Avenue Wall located in front of Riverview at 820 1st Ave S was one of many improvements made on the St. Cloud Teacher’s College campus in the 1930s. The building of retaining walls such as the ones off First Avenue took place in the summer of 1936, made possible with use of W.P.A. labor in conjunction with NYA. The total cost for general building repairs, construction of steps and stairways, landscaping, and retaining walls at the time was \$20,400.54. The wall, as well as every other granite wall on campus, was constructed using granite cut from the quarry on the Teachers college land. There is a Stone marker just to the right of the steps leading to Riverview Hall, “WPA 1936”. Get a photo of this stone marker.

**34. HFS - Hanley Falls School - Hanley Falls, MN**

**Points: 242**

**44° 41.516' -95° 37.208'**

The Minnesota Machinery Museum is housed in the former Hanley Falls School, 100 N 1st St, 1st Ave W, built by the Works Progress Administration. In the back of the now Minnesota Machinery Museum is a Historical Marker, “History of Minnesota Machinery Museum”. According to the marker what year did the Works Project Administration start construction of the building?

**35. LCF - Lincoln County Fairgrounds - Tyler, MN**

**Points: 255**

**44° 16.877' -96° 08.142'**

The Works Progress Administration built the County Fair Exhibition Building at the Lincoln County Fairgrounds in Tyler, MN. Got north on Tyler from US14 then 2 blocks west on Strong St. Get a photo of the archway entrance to the fairgrounds.

**36. POP - Post Office Pipestone - Pipestone, MN**

**Points: 617**

**43° 59.947' -96° 19.059'**

The historic post office building in Pipestone, Minnesota was constructed with federal Treasury Department in 1935. North from MN30 to 202 S Hiawatha Ave. The building is still in service. According to the cornerstone to the right of the entrance who was the architect?

**37. NUH - New Ulm High School - New Ulm, MN**

**Points: 161**

**44° 18.707' -94° 27.749'**

With support from the Works Project Administration (WPA), major additions to this 1915 school were completed in 1939, designed by the Mankato firm of Pass and Rocky. The south addition, with an auditorium/ gymnasium, uses Art Deco motifs, while the north addition, containing classrooms and a dining hall, mimics the 1915 design. Southwest from MN68 on Center Street look for the large obelisk in the center median. On the corner of the school to the north of the obelisk is a works Project Administration plaque above the cornerstone with the year completed. Get a photo of both the WPA plaque and the cornerstone.

**38. MLD - Mountain Lake Dam - Mountain Lake, MN**

**Points: 217**

**43° 57.170' -94° 56.294'**

WPA funded the construction of a dam and bridge north of the town of Mountain Lake, Minnesota. The dam created what became Mountain Lake itself. The original bridge, with 1938 WPA plaque, is still in use, though now for pedestrians only. North out of Mountain Lake on 10th St/Co Rd 9 to the lake, look for the MN historical marker. Get a photo of the “Works Progress Administration” plaque on one of the cement posts for the pedestrian bridge.

**39. POW - Former Worthington Post Office - Worthington, MN**

**Points: 333**

**43° 37.214' -95° 35.728'**

Constructed by the Treasury in 1934. The building now houses the Worthington Professional Office Building, 1029 3rd Ave. According to the cornerstone who was the Supervising Engineer?

**40. OTB - On the Banks of Plum Creek - Walnut Grove, MN**

**Points: 302**

**44° 15.012' -95° 28.341'**

What does Laura Ingalls Wilder have to do with FDR and the New Deal??? Well, she hated him and his “communist” policies. Laura and her family had a hard life and still persevered so she had a pull yourself up by your bootstraps attitude. She and her daughter Rose were early figures in the Libertarian movement. Get a phot of the stone monument 1.7 miles north of Walnut Grove on County Road 5.

**41. LSC - Lake St. Croix Overlook - Oak Park Heights, MN**

**Points: 85**

**45° 02.419' -92° 47.750'**

The Overlook was built as part of an extensive roadside development project in the Stillwater area. At 6299 Peabody Ave N. Work on the Stillwater-area projects apparently occurred in 1935-1939, first using federal relief labor hired under the National Recovery Work Relief (NRWR) program in 1935-1936, and then using labor from the National Youth Administration (NYA) in 1936-1939. According to the informational plaque “Lake St. Croix Overlook”. How many parking areas and historical markers did the Minnesota Dept. of Transportation and the New Deal work program build statewide?

**42. BHF1 - Beehive Fireplace - Robbinsdale, MN**

**Points: 78**

**45° 02.212' -93° 20.716'**

Eighty years ago a park was developed by Minnesota Department of Transportation that would become of historic significance some years later. That park is Graeser Park at 4400 Lakeland Ave N, named after Carl Graeser, designer of State Highway 100, aka Beltline and Lilac Parkway. Through time, change and neglect many of those roadside rest stops have been lost. Robbinsdale is fortunate to have one of the only two remaining in the country with a Beehive fireplace. Get a photo of the Beehive fireplace.

**43. BHF2 - Beehive Fireplace - St Louis Park, MN****Points: 78****44° 56.556' -93° 20.756'**

Lilac Park at 5505 Minnesota 7 Service Rd, is one of the roadside rests along MN-100 known then as the Lilac Way. The WPA and PWA constructed this stretch of highway on Minneapolis' west side between 1934 and 1940 From the St. Louis Park Historical Society: "Highway 100 (i.e., the section north of Excelsior Blvd.) was wrested from the earth by unemployed men of the Depression in the 1930s, as a part of joint project of the Minnesota Highway Department and the Works Progress Administration. Its purpose was as much to provide work for desperately poor men as it was to provide a roadway that would circle or create a "belt line" around Minneapolis and St. Paul." Get a photo of the beehive fireplace.

**44. GFSP - Gooseberry Falls State Park - Two Harbors, MN****Points: 666****47° 08.396' -91° 28.201'****Daylight Only**

Gooseberry State Park is located 3.5 miles east of Castle Danger, MN on MN-61. The waypoint is in the parking lot for the visitor center. There were over 3 million young men across the U.S. and 86,000 in Minnesota alone in the Civilian Conservation Corps. The CCC was created by FDR during the great depression to provide economic relief while helping to conserve natural resources. Here at Gooseberry there is a statue of a CCC worker. From the parking lot follow the paved path past the visitor center, keep right at the first fork, Keep left at the second fork the CCC worker statue is just ahead. Get a photo of the CCC Worker.

**45. JCSP - Jay Cooke State Park - Carlton, MN****Points: 322****46° 39.276' -92° 22.276'**

Jay Cooke State Park's River Inn, constructed by the Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC) using a local rock known as gabbro, is among the "largest CCC buildings in Minnesota." But we're here for the suspension bridge. From 1934 to 1935, the Civilian Conservation (CCC) reconstructed a suspension bridge, spanning the St. Louis River, at Jay Cooke State Park. Jay Cooke State Park is about 3 miles east of Carlton, MN on MN-210. From the parking lot walk around the left side of the River Inn and follow the paved path to the Swinging Bridge. On the far side of the Swinging Bridge is a sign "Rock Talk". According to the sign what are the tilted rocks you are looking at?

**46. SCSP - St Croix State Park - Hinckley, MN****Points: 437****45° 57.044' -92° 34.219'****Daylight Only**

Between 1936 and 1943, the Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC) and Works Progress Administration (WPA) undertook construction and landscaping projects in St. Croix State Park. St. Croix State Park was developed through a National Parks Service program, the Recreational Demonstration Area (RDA). Typically, RDAs were “located within fifty miles of a major metropolitan area and was meant to allow underprivileged children to enjoy the outdoors. Upon its completion in 1943, the St. Croix RDA was transferred to Minnesota’s state park system and is in the National Register of Historic Places, “largely because of the historic value of its CCC buildings and structures. From I-35 exit 183 go east on MN-48 for about 12 miles to St Croix Park Road. Follow St Croix Road for 6.7 miles to the St Croix Lodge. Get a photo of the entrance to the visitor center include the sign above “St Croix Lodge”

**47. WWSP - White Water State Park - Elba, MN****Points: 431****44° 03.283' -92° 02.799'****Daylight**

Along with a dam, the Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC) constructed a shelter and bathhouse in Whitewater State Park. The design of these quartzite structures “reflects the area’s German heritage.” Waypoint is at the entrance to the “Picnic Grounds-Beach” 19206 MN-74. Near the east end of the parking lot follow the paved path across the first bridge above the dam that was constructed by the CCC. Just before you cross the next bridge is a sign “Chimney Rock Trail”. According to the sign what is the rating of this trail?

**48. LCSP - Lake Carlos State Park - Alexandria, MN****Points: 273****45° 59.760' -95° 20.666'****Daylight**

The Work Projects Administration (WPA) constructed this bath house in 1941-1942. 2601 County Rd 38 NE. From the State Park entrance follow the road as straight as possible. It’s paved all the way to the beach parking area where it turns to gravel. Follow the paved trail to the bathhouse, the only structure. On the back or lake side of the bathhouse is a plaque. Who was the architect of the bathhouse?

**49. OMSP - Old Mill State Park - Argyle, MN****Points: 781****48° 21.783' -96° 34.096'****Daylight Only**

33489 240th Ave NW. The park contains a 25-acre historic district that includes eight structures built by the WPA in 1937. One of which is a 30 foot tall stone water tower. From the entrance take the second right, .02 of a mile of dirt road to the water tower. Get a photo of the water tower.

**50. LBSP - Lake Bronson State Park - Lake Bronson, MN**

**Points: 1617**

**48° 43.399' -96° 37.369'**

**Daylight Only**

The park contains 12 rustic style park structures built in the 1930s, including a unique observation/water tower and a dam engineered over quicksand. Follow Co Rd 28 east of Lake Bronson. The waypoint is for the observation/water tower. Go up in the tower to the observation deck, it's only 30 feet tall. There you will find several info plaques. According to the info plaque "Rising to the Occasion" what is the water tank capacity?

**51. ITSP - Itasca State Park - Park Rapids, MN**

**Points: 515**

**47° 14.417' -95° 12.681'**

**Daylight Only**

Go south from MN-200 and North Entrance Dr follow the signs to Mary Gibbs Center. Starting in 1933, the Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC) constructed a 44-foot dam, comprised of "40,000 cubic yards of fill" and "topped with stepping-stones, across the headwaters of the Mississippi River. From the waypoint at the Mary Gibbs Mississippi Headwaters Center it's just a short walk to the Mississippi headwaters. Marking the headwaters is a tree like sign that starts out "Here 1475 FT above the ocean..." Get a photo of this sign.

**Bonus Bonus Points:** Having your photo taken crossing the step stones at the Mississippi headwaters is a Minnesotan childhood right if passage. Get a photo of yourself in the middle of the step stones crossing the not so mighty Mississippi for a cool **250 points**.

**52. CLSP - Charles Lindberg State Park - Little Falls, MN**

**Points: 277**

**45° 57.522' -94° 23.402'**

**Daylight Only**

Go south from Little Falls on Lindberg Dr. The water tower is built of native granite in 1939, it once held 5,000 gallons of water. The WPA also put in two miles of footpaths, planted 4,000 trees and bushes, and built parking lots and other amenities on the Lindbergh property, creating what is now a state park. Follow sign to "Picnic Grounds". The water tower is just beyond the swings. Get a photo of the water tower.

**53. MRSP - Minneopa State Park - Mankato, MN**

**Points: 311**

**44° 08.921' -94° 05.531'**

**Daylight Only**

54497 Gadwall Rd. Established by the Minnesota legislature in 1905 to allow public access to Minneopa Falls, the Minneopa State Park was enlarged and improved during the New Deal period by Works Progress Administration funding. WPA workers improved the falls with new stairs, built public hiking trails, and constructed seven new buildings, including a public shelter, new maintenance buildings, restrooms, and other structures. Constructed from local sandstone and lumber, the seven rustic-styled WPA buildings constructed on the site were added to the National Historic Register in 1989. From the parking lot follow the paved trail towards the falls. Keep right after the bridge follow that to the steps going down to the base of the waterfalls. According to the sign at the top of the steps how many steps are there?

**54. FDSP - Flandrau State Park - New Ulm, MN**

**Points: 291**

**44° 17.525' -94° 28.152'**

**Daylight Only**

1300 Summit Ave. According to the Minnesota Department of Natural Resources, the WPA built several stone structures that visitors can still enjoy today. The *Wikipedia* page for Flandrau State Park indicates that both the WPA and CCC engaged in extensive work in the park, e.g., creating trails, planting trees, and building a dam. Follow the road into the park, keep left at the flagpole (there may not be a flag on the flagpole) to the waypoint. Look for the 2 sided info kiosk. On the side “New Deal Employment Programs...” reading the caption of one of the photos, finish this sentence “ Most of the work was done by \_\_\_\_\_ Your answer goes on your answer sheet.

**55. FRSP - Fort Ridgely State Park - Fairfax, MN**

**Points: 289**

**44° 27.062' -94° 43.911'**

**Daylight Only**

The U.S. Army constructed Fort Ridgely in 1835. It became a state park in 1934 and received significant improvement work from the Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC). The CCC erected buildings made of local Morton rainbow granite and conducted an archaeological survey, supervised by the Minnesota Historical Society. The waypoint is at the entrance to the “Picnic Area Amphitheater” about 500 feet in you will see a 4 sided info Kiosk. On the side titled “A New Deal for Fort Ridgely State Park”. What percentage of America’s youth 16 to 24 years old were unemployed and not in school?

**56. POM-WAZ - Post Office Mural - Wayzata, MN**

**Points: 104**

**44° 58.278' -93° 30.869'**

**24 hours**

229 Minnetonka Ave S. The Wayzata post office contains a Section of Fine Arts mural in tempera by Ruth Grotenrath "Wayzata (Pines of the North)." Painted in 1947, it was one of the last examples of New Deal murals created. Get a photo of the mural in the post office lobby.

**57. POM-CCM - Post Office Mural Cottonwood County Museum - Windom, MN Points: 423**

**43° 51.865' -95° 07.065'**

**10:00am - 2:00pm**

812 4th Ave, Windom. Although this is not currently in a post office it originally was hanging in the Windom post office. This mural "Agricultural Theme" was painted for the Windom post office by Charles W. Thwaites in 1943 with funding from the Treasury Section of Fine Arts. The mural, as well as two alternate sketches composed by Thwaites, now hang in the county museum. Get a photo of the large mural in the Cottonwood County Historical Society.

**58. POM-STJ - Post Office Mural - St. James, MN**

**Points: 319**

**43° 58.957' -94° 37.723'**

**7:00am - 3:00pm**

6 Armstrong Blvd S. Margaret Martin's mural proposal for the St. James, Minnesota, post office showed Indians gathering wild rice, hunting fowl, and fishing, emphasizing the harmony between the Land of 10,000 Lakes and its earliest inhabitants. Martin took nine months to complete this work, which has hung in its original location at the post office since June 1940. Get a photo of the mural in the post office lobby.

**59. POM-LGP - Post Office Mural - Long Prairie, MN**

**Points: 274**

**45° 58.450' -94° 51.560'**

**7:00am - 4:00pm**

350 Central Ave. Lucia Wiley completed this fresco, entitled "Gathering Wild Rice," in 1939 with funds provided by the Treasury Section of Fine Arts. Get a photo of the mural in the lobby.



**60. POM-MOR - Post Office Mural - Morris, MN**

**Points: 723**

**45° 35.274' -95° 54.767'**

**7:15am - 11:45am**

104 E 6th St. “Gager’s Trading Post on the Wadsworth Trail” is a Treasury Section of Fine Arts mural that was installed at the post office in Morris, Minnesota in 1943. The tempera-on-canvas mural was painted by Alfred Sessler. Get a photo of the mural in the lobby.

**61. POM-HUT - Post Office Mural - Hutchinson, MN**

**Points: 230**

**44° 53.350' -94° 22.144'**

**9:30am - 11:30am**

245 Main St S. Elsa Jemne painted this egg-tempera-on-plaster fresco, entitled “The Hutchinson Singers,” in 1942 with funds provided by the Treasury Section of Fine Arts. The mural is behind the counter. Get a photo of the mural.

**62. POM-LIT - Post Office Mural - Litchfield, MN**

**Points: 201**

**45° 07.648' -94° 31.612'**

**5:45am - 4:00pm**

35 E 2nd St. Elof Wedin painted this oil-on-canvas mural, entitled “Street Scene,” in 1937 with funds provided by the Treasury Section of Fine Arts. Get a photo of the framed painting in the lobby.

**63. POM-HAS - Post Office Mural - Hastings, MN**

**Points: 181**

**44° 44.662' -92° 50.981'**

**9:00am - 12:00pm**

300 2nd St E. The historic post office in Hastings, Minnesota houses an example of New Deal artwork: a Section of Fine Arts-commissioned mural entitled “Arrival of Fall Catalogue.” The work, by Richard Haines, was completed in 1938. Get a photo of the mural in the lobby.

**64. POM-WAB - Post Office Mural - Wabasha, MN**

**Points: 343**

**44° 23.001' -92° 01.876'**

**7:00am - 3:45pm**

109 Main St E. The historic post office in Wabasha, Minnesota houses an example of New Deal artwork: a Section of Fine Arts-commissioned mural entitled “The Smoke Message,” completed in 1939. Get a photo of the mural in the lobby.

**65. POM-CAL - Post Office Mural - Caledonia, MN**

**Points: 1195**

**43° 38.022' -91° 29.770'**

**7:00am - 11:00am**

125 E Grove St. The 5' x 14' tempera-on-canvas mural entitled "Hog Raising," located in the historic Caledonia post office, was completed by Edmund Lewandowski (1914-1998) in 1942 for the Treasury Section of Fine Arts. It depicts a farm scene of three men shoveling corn to pigs. Get a photo of the mural in the lobby.

**66. POM-CAM - Post Office Mural - Cambridge, MN**

**Points: 222**

**45° 34.286' -93° 13.442'**

**6:30am - 4:00pm**

209 Main St S. Seymour Fogel painted this oil on canvas mural, entitled "People of the Soil," in 1940 with funds provided by the Treasury Section of Fine Arts. Get a photo of the mural in the lobby.

**67. POM-ELY - Post Office Mural - Ely, MN**

**Points: 532**

**47° 54.101' -91° 51.829'**

**6:30am to 4:15pm**

34 S 2nd Ave E. The post office contains two murals painted by Elsa Jemne in 1941 with funding from the Section of Fine Arts. 2 Block south of MN-1 on 2nd Ave. E. Get photos of both murals in the lobby.

**68. POM-CHS - Post Office Mural - Chisholm, MN**

**Points: 385**

**47° 29.401' -92° 53.024'**

**6:00am to 5:00pm**

14 3rd Ave NW. "Discovery of Ore" by Betty Carney. This mural in the Chisholm Post Office was completed with the help of New Deal funds From the Treasury of Fine Arts. Located on MN-73 aka 3rdAve NW between Lake Street W and 1st Street NW. Get a photo of this mural in the lobby.

**69. POM-INF - Post Office Mural - International Falls, MN**

**Points: 645**

**48° 36.108' -93° 24.324'**

**24 Hours**

400 4th St. The post office contains a 1937 Section of Fine Arts mural by Lucia Wiley entitled "Early Logging at Koochiching Falls." Get a photo of the mural in the post office lobby.

**70. POM-MAR - Post Office Mural - Marshall, MN**

**Points: 995**

**44° 26.923' -95° 47.341'**

**9:00am - 4:30pm**

302 W Lyon St. "Pioneers Arriving in Marshall by Wagon Train" Henry Holmstrom painted this oil on canvas mural in 1938 for the Treasury Section of Fine Arts. Get a photo of this mural in the post office lobby.

**71. POM-NSP - Post Office Mural - North St. Paul, MN**

**Points: 157**

**45° 00.698' -92° 59.597'**

**9:30am - 1:00pm**

2523 7th Ave E. The oil-on-canvas mural entitled "Production" was commissioned by the Treasury Section of Fine Arts. The work, created for the historic post office in North St. Paul, Minnesota, was completed in 1941. Get a photo of the mural in the post office lobby.

**72. POM-SAC - Post Office Mural - Sauk Center, MN**

**Points: 247**

**45° 44.148' -94° 57.120'**

**5:45am - 11:00am**

400 Main St S. Richard Jansen painted this oil on canvas mural, entitled "Threshing Wheat," in 1942 for the Treasury Section of Fine Arts. Get a photo of this mural in the post office lobby.

**73. ZZZ - Rest Bonus - Anywhere**

**Points: 7,000**

Spend at least four full hours off your bike. To earn credit for this bonus you must first pick up a receipt which shows the location, date and time you are stopping. Pick up a second receipt at least four hours later; the location, date and time must be machine-printed on both receipts. Both of these receipts must be from the same town or location. You may use receipts from two different businesses but both receipts must be from the same town or location and within a couple of miles of each other. You may not acquire any other bonuses during this four-hour window.